



Birginia





The CUH ARC Mewstatter

"OLE VIRGINIA HAMS" AMATEUR RADIO CLUB, INC. Post Office Box 1255, Manassas, VA 22110

Repeater: WA4FPM -- 146.97

WA4FPM -- 224.66

Digipeater:

WA4FPM-1 -- 145.09

WA4FPM-3 -- 223.40

OCTOBER 1989 ISSUE

FROM THE PRESIDENT'S SHACK

The October meeting will be the last meeting before the Manassas Christmas parade. In November the meeting area is pre-empted by the Co-Op to prepare their Christmas parade items. It is a long tradition that the Ole Virgina Hams be stationed along the parade route to relay any problems which occur. In the past, we have detected what seems to be a completely innocent situation, where candy is being thrown from floats along the route. This is a hazard of sorts, in that small children run out

into the street after the pieces which fall there—
the hazard is the possibility of the children falling and then being run over by the parade vehicles, horses, etc.

FCC Rule 97.113(a)(1), 1 Sept 1989 Version, authorizes Ham radio to facilitate the public safe observation or safe participation in a parade, race marathon or similar public

Another recent event was the train accident in Catlett, VA.
On the surface, it appeared

no ham participation was necessary - each ambulance had direct radio contact with it's hospital destination. I later discovered a problem did exist in that there was a single telephone line from the shelter provided to the uninjured and resulted in a communication jam at the shelter of operators and survivors — survivors trying to let loved ones know they were airight, etc. Apparently four Hams in Faquier (three at the school used as the sheiter and one at the

Listen to the Westlink Report at 8:00 pm Thursday Evenings during the OVH Weekly Bulletin.



Faguier Sheriff's Office. took up some of the problems. Also, the survivors which wnet to the hospital for treatment of minor injuries were hard to keep track of -it seems some departed the hospital with nurses and others going off shift and no one knew where/when they went. All was eventually straightened out. It appears, however, there is a role for the Hams to play: lighten telephone load out of shelters and help keep score on any departures of treated/uninjured. My favorite saying kind of applies here: If your house is afire and no one calls the firemen it will burn. If you need Hams and no one calls them you'll never get them. See you at the Meeting!

> 73's Harry (W4PVA)

ANNOUNCEMENTS

NOVICE CLASSES:

Starts 10/10/89, will meet every Tuesday at 7:30 p.m. at the Stonewall Jackson High School, Room 3A, Rixlew Drive. Tune in the World, 8th Edition will be used, including the tapes. Contact Dick Miller (WD4AZG) for further info.

FROM THE SPEAKER MIKE OF OUR ROVING REPORTER — BILL ELLIS (WA4FCI)

You and I know there are good and bad amateur radio operators in this world. Recently, with Hugo, they raised their ugly heads and caused total confusion on the emergency HF radio nets. The radio bands are open to the entire world and amateur radio operators from around the world tuned in to hear just what was going with Hugo and critical life support HF communications, and boy did they get an ear full!!!!!!

I was under the impression that U.S. amateur radio operations set the standards for the rest of the world, and, if what happened during Hugo and what is currently taking place on the HF band here in the U.S. is any indication of things to come from bad hams, we are on the road to destruction.

I mean, deliberate tune up at full power on the Red Cross
Net or MM Mobile Information
Net, Halo Net, the 10–10 Net,
and out-right passing misinformation and identification
of callsigns. Waiting till a
phone patch is initiated and
then coming up on RTTY or CW
and blocking 5KHz so that no
conversation can be heard. And,
get this, monitoring the QSY
to a clear frequency, and then
again blocking out the next
attempt to phone patch.

The language being used by these bad harns is strictly four letter words. When any attempt is made by a good ham to try to clear up a situation brought about by a bad harn, the bad harn just throws on a solid carrier and walks away from his shack.

Our Club President hit the nail on the head at our last OVH Meeting when he softly stated: "When these bad hams are caught, and they will be caught, they are to be shown no mercy."

It is up to all of us to keep a sharp ear out for these bad hams and report these flagrant violations to the FCC who at going to burn the bad hams and burn them bad!

I personally do not believe in the "fink system", but, when it comes to you and I possibly loosing our amateur radio privileges and respect and operators around the world —I draw the line!!!!!!!

(Editor's Note: This will, hopefully, be a regularly scheduled item in the Newsletter. Thanks, Bill, for a GREAT article! Oh yes, short or I-o-n-g, whatever you want to give me I will gladly accept! Thanks for the contribution!!!!!!)

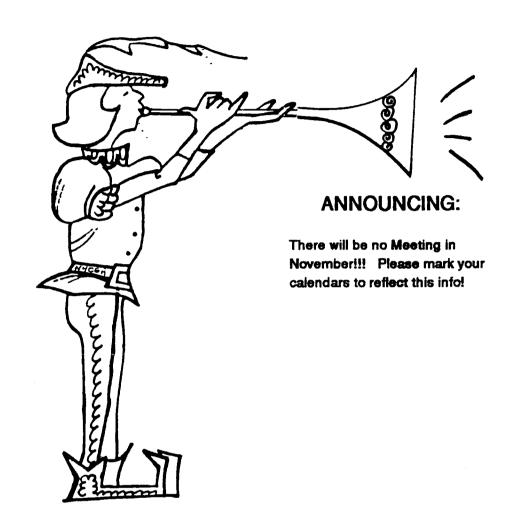
SPREAD THE WORD ABOUT AMATEUR RADIO:::

GENERAL INTEREST

FOR THE VEC:

Many of you may have noticed that the 610 form will be expiring within the next few months. The VEC Conference has appointed a committee to review the form and make any recommendations to the FCC within the next couple of months.

In the meantime, 610 forms dated 12/31/89 will remain valid, after the expiration date, for some time. As you know, implementation is very difficult to accomplish overnight. ("VE Express" August 1989.)

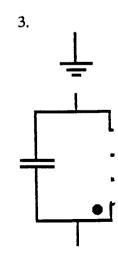


PRUZZLES

Submitted by Jack (KI4VP)

Answers are somewhere within this Newsletter!!! Good Luck!!

2.



THE LONG JOURNEY HOME BY JAY 4 MSSN

Twelve years is not such a long time. It has passed relatively quickly between keeping busy with one's job and family. Perhaps it has passed too quickly at times.

Licensed as KHGJSG, in September of 1977, a budding young Movice quickly realized, that having access to the wonders of Amateur Radio was not enough in itself. He must go on and expand his capabilities and his spectrum.

In early October, he stepped up to Technician and began to explore the wonders of 2 Meter communications both on FM and Single Side Band. The joy of being able to communicate by voice, far outweighed the pleasures he had enjoyed by working the Pacific basin on CW.

James Powell, KH6IGU. his Elmer, was quick to let him know that too much effort on 2 meters would limit his abilities to upgrade. "The bands are getting full of 2 Meter Techs." Jim would say "and I don't want one of my students to become one of them". Sage advice and all for free.

As a result of Jim's constant "nagging" and impromotu testing of his code ability by the others via 2 Meters, the young Tech applied his time and talents back on the HF bands and in December of 1977 he passed his General class code test on the first try. The world of 20 Meters was his to command. Stations from Australia, Papa New Guinea and Antarctica would appear and be found in the log.

Shortly after that, a career change placed him in Guam. Oh to be a DX station. With a wife still in Hawaii and awaiting Military transfer to join him, plus his working an evening shift, he was able to go on the air from midnight till dawn. With only a multiband sloper for an antenna (tied off at 250' on a 300' boresite tower), the world had opened up. New frequencies were explored. Six Meters had bitten him badly. The 11 year cycle had hit its peak while he was there and was a joy to behold. But, he was still not content. There were countries not yet worked but they lie in the forbidden spectrum.

The Advanced theory was attacked with a vengeance. Testing on Guam was unique as you could request to take the Extra class test while holding no license and take all elements. The results were then sent to Hawaii for grading and you were notified by mail of Pass/Fail. If you passed your Novice, but failed the General, you still had insight to the Advanced and Extra exams. This was frustrating for him for he had bassed his 20WPM code test and his Extra written, but had failed the Advanced written.

After the second failure, assistance was asked from the club and received. On the Air tutoring on examination questions and constant drilling at work by other Hams there baid off. On the fourth try, one year after the first, he was presented with a Pass notice in the mail and 3 monthes later arrived AH2K. Six monthes later he was in Washington.

The spectrum could be roamed at will. And it was.

Located in washington as KT7S, new objectunities were provided. Antenna experimentation on 17 acres of open pasture land has got to be ideal. Access to several fine Amateur Radio stores is also a plus.

Then came the move to Texas and a new call again. This call was the best. It flowed on CW like squeeze butter on a baked potato. Two terms as President of two different clubs, and finally the move to Virginia.

The many locations and many clubs have all provided one significant fact. Amateur Radio develops many lasting friendships and for that reason alone, everywhere is home for a Ham known as Jay or NS5N.

(Jay, Thanks! I wouldn't think of editing this down!!

READERS — Check next month's Newsletter for "The Frequency Hams Forgot!!!)





IS HERE!!

NOTE FROM THE EDITOR:

NOTE FROM THE EDITOR:

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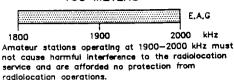
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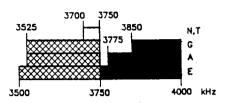


CURRENT UPDATE OF AMATEUR RADIO BANDS PERMITTED

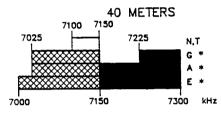
160 METERS



80 METERS



5167.5 kHz (SSB only): Alaska emergency use only.

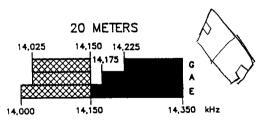


Phone operation is allowed on 7075—7100 kHz in Puerto Rico, US Virgin islands and areas of the Caribbean south of 20 degrees north latitude; and in Hawaii and areas near ITU Region 3, Including Alaska.

30 METERS



Maximum power on 30 meters is 200 watts PEP output. Amateurs must avoid interference to the fixed service outside the US.



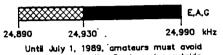
17 METERS



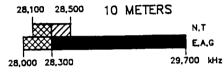
Until July 1, 1989, amateurs must avoid intrference to government operations and to the fixed service outside the US.

15 METERS 21,100 21,200 21,025 21,300 N,T 21.225 G A Ε 21,450 kHz 21,000 21,200

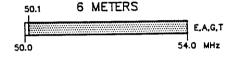
12 METERS

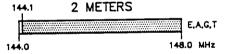


interference to the fixed service outside the US.

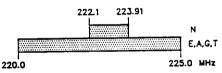


Novices and Technicians are limited to 200 watts PEP output on 10 meters.





1.25 METERS



Novices are limited to 25 watts PEP output from 222.1 to 223.91 MHz.

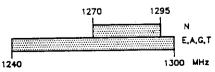
70 CENTIMETERS



33 CENTIMETERS



23 CENTIMETERS



Novices are limited to 5 watts PEP output from 1270 to 1295 MHz.

AMATFUR BANDS

(Effective January 31, 1989)

US AMATEUR POWER LIMITS

At all times, transmitter powershould be kept down to that necessary to carry out the desired communications. Power is rated in watts PEP output. Unless otherwise watts PEP output. Unless ornamines stated, the maximum power output is 1500 W. Power for all license classes is limited to 200 W in the 10,100—10,150 kHz band and in all Novice subbands below 28,100 kHz. Novices and Technicians are restricte to 200 W in the 28,100—28,500 kHz subbands in addition, Novices are restricted to 25 W in the 222.1-223.91 MHz subband and 5 W in the 1270-1295 MHz subband.

Operators with Technician class license and above may operate on all bands above 50 MHz. For more detailed information see The FCC Rule Book.

KEY-



E =AMATEUR EXTRA A =ADVANCED
G =GENERAL

T =TECHNICIAN N =NOVICE



12 AMER EAGLE NET @ 1700 ON 28.340	\$ AMER EAGLE NET (@ 1700 ON 28.340 10-10 INTERNATION AL CONTEST	AMER EAGLE NET @ 1700 ON 28.340 CQ WORLD WIDF DX CONTEST OCT 28 & 29	AMER EAGLE NET @ 1700 ON 28.340 VEC EXAM HAGERSTOWN, MI	AMER EAGLE NEI AMER EAGLE NEI @ 1700 ON 28.340 VEC EXAM AND HAMFEST. HOWARD COUNTY	
ET 55	ET &	ET 30	ET 23	OVH CLUB MISETING	CALI
Ĭ,	7	3 1	3 6	17	CALENDAR FOR OCTOBER AND NOVEMBER
15 NVFMA NET @ 2000 146.31/91	® NVFMA NET @ 2000 146.31/91	1 NVFMA NET @ 2000 146.31/91	28 NVFMA NET @ 2000 146.31/91	18 NVFMA NET @ 2000 146.31/91	OCTOBER /
1.6 OVH NET @ 2000 146.97 224.66	© OVH NET @ 2000 146.97 224.66	2 OVH NET @ 2000 146.97 224.66	26 OVH NET @ 2000 146.97 224.66	19 OVH NET @ 2000 146.97 224.66	AND NOVEN
VEC EXAM PENTAGON ARC STAFFORD, VA	Ð	NEWSLETTER DEADLINE	27	9	/IBER
NET @ 2100 28.440 VEC EXAMS MANASSAS, VA	11 WOODBRIDGE NET @ 2100 28.440 VEC EXAM FREDERICK, MD HARRISONBURG, V/	4 WOODBRIDGE NET @ 2100 28.440 VEC EXAM COLLEGE PARK, MD	WOODBRIDGE NET @ 2100 28.440 VEC EXAM LAUREL, MD CUMBERLAND, MD	21 WOODBRIDGE NET @ 2100 28.440 ARES/SET OCT 21 & 22	

NOTES: 1. For more information on VEC testing, contact Harry W4PVA.

2. The Powwoov net meets daily at 2100 on 28.4

Remember, no club meeting i November

<u>OLE VIRGINIA HAMS</u>

SWAP AND SHOP

For Sale or Trade For?

Math CoProcessor 80287–8 Contact: Steve (WB4CQY) 368–4690

Wanted:

Used 2M Rig.
Contact: Steve (WB4CQY)
368-4690

For Sale:

ICOM R-71A Communications Receiver, 100 KHz to 30 MHz, Mint Condition. Rarely used. (List \$999.00) \$695.00

KENWOOD AT-230 Antenna Tuner, Mint. \$95.00

For both of the above.
Contact: George (N4IXV)

NEXT MEETING

The next meeting of the OVHARC will be held on Monday night,
October 16th, 1989, at
8:00 p.m., in the basement
Meeting Room of the Northern
Virginia Electric Co-Op, 10323
Lomond Drive, Manassas,
Virginia.

NOTE: There will be a VERY interesting Program at this meeting!!!

Jeff (KB4IWD), our Program
Chairman, has invited Rich
Schwart, a Meterologist with
the National Weather Service,
to attend this Meeting. Rich
will be dealing with SKY WARN,
a program which uses Hams to
keep the Weather Service
informed on weather conditions
in various areas during periods

keep the Weather Service informed on weather conditions in various areas during periods of severe or hazardous weather! The presentation will include slides, video tape and time for questions.

Pruzzles Answers:

- 1. Mobile Ohm
- 2. Ohm on the range
- 3. Tank under ground
 We look forward to seeing YOU
 there!!!

"73's"



LICENSE!

